

Name

Key

Date

Period

# The Southern Colonies Stations

## Station 1

### The Economy of the Southern Colonies

Directions: Use the materials at this station to complete the activities below.

1. What type of items did the Middle Colonies produce? Write the name next to each picture.



plantations/  
slavery



rice



cotton



indigo



tobacco



fish

2. Based on the map, which two items were produced the most in the south?

a. cotton

b. tobacco

3. How far away are the Southern Colonies from Great Britain? 3800 miles

4. What resource was essential to the economy of the Southern Colonies?

slavery/ plantations

5. Briefly explain how the economy of the Southern Colonies differed from that of the New England and Middle Colonies. Use evidence from previous lessons to support your claims.

## Station 2 Maryland

**Directions:** Complete the chart below by using the materials at this station.

Founders	Lord George Calvert (1632) AKA: <u>Lord</u> <u>Baltimore</u> .
Reasons Founded	<u>Catholics</u> could practice their <u>religion</u> .
People	<u>Catholics</u> , Protestants who had been <u>persecuted</u> .
Climate & Geography	<u>Chesapeake</u> Bay was surrounded by <u>fertile</u> land; colder winters, hot and humid summers; iron ore.
Economy	Farms that raised grains, <u>tobacco</u> , <u>flax</u> , fishing (Chesapeake Bay)
Religion	Religious <u>toleration</u> RELIGIOUS TOLERATION - to be accepting of beliefs and practices which are different from your own beliefs or lack of beliefs
Government	Free men elected _____; Representatives who owed loyalty to Lord Calvert.

**Primary Source Document Key Question:** Who is the Maryland Act of Toleration of 1649 protecting? Cite one sentence from the source to support your answer.

protected all Christians



### Station 3

### Virginia

Directions: Complete the chart below by using the materials at this station.

Founders	John Smith of Virginia Co. ( <u>Jamestown</u> first <u>permanent</u> settlement in 1607).
Reasons Founded	Investment to make <u>money</u> .
People	Europeans seeking opportunities for <u>Cheap</u> <u>land</u> , African <u>slaves</u> .
Climate & Geography	Mild winters, hot summers; flat, <u>fertile</u> land; swampy in the east; wooded mountains in the west.
Economy	Crops such as <u>tobacco</u> , <u>cotton</u> , <u>indigo</u> , and <u>rice</u> .
Religion	State-established Church of <u>England</u> .
Government	Land owners elected representatives to the <u>House</u> of <u>Burgesses</u> - first <u>representative</u> government in America.

**Primary Source Document Key Question:** What does this document say about the treatment of slaves in Virginia? Cite one sentence from the source to support your answer.

Slaves are property and  
owner can treat as they wish



## Station 4

### The Carolinas (North & South)

**Directions:** Complete the chart below by using the materials at this station.

<b>Founders</b>	Eight Lord Proprietors who were friends of King <u>Charles</u> II (1663)
<b>Reasons Founded</b>	Wanted to <u>invest</u> and make <u>money</u> .
<b>People</b>	Europeans fleeing religious <u>persecution</u> . Indentured servants, African <u>slaves</u> .
<b>Climate &amp; Geography</b>	Mild winter, hot <u>summers</u> ; flat, <u>fertile</u> land; swampy in the east, wooded mountains in the west.
<b>Economy</b>	Crops such as <u>tobacco</u> , <u>cotton</u> , <u>indigo</u> , <u>rice</u> .
<b>Religion</b>	<u>Religious</u> <u>Freedom</u> .
<b>Government</b>	Ruled by the <u>King</u> , <u>Parliament</u> and the Lord Proprietors.

